

MIMER MEDICAL COLLEGE, TALEGAON DABHADE
DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

A CME on “ Preventive Gynaec –Oncology, Series –I, carcinoma cervix ” was conducted by the department of Obstetrics & Gynaecology on Monday ,30/07/2018 from 1:00 pm to 4:00pm ,in the New Lecture Hall OPD Building , 1st Floor. The event was organized by Dr. Shivamurthy H.M [Professor and HOD], Dr. Vaishali Korde [Professor] & Dr. Meenakshi Surve [Assistant professor].

The CME started at 1:15 pm with a welcome note by Dr. Vaishali Korde.

Dr. Shashikant Pawar [Associate Professor] delivered a talk “ Looking differently about malignancy”. He highlighted about how psyche or thoughts (Negative/Positive) can affect the malignancy occurrence, progression and treatment , which was all together different perspective to view cancer. The gist was, positive attitude and wqay of life can prevent/suppress ocuurence of cancer.

Dr. Priya Karmani [Assistant Profesdsor]then spoke on “ Magnitude and Epidemiology of carcinoma cervix” . She made clear on how developing countries are contributing to the burden of carcinoma cervix and risk factors, which have increased the incidence in developing and less developed countries.

Dr. D.V. Gopalghare[Associate Professor] then put forth us about the “ Pathogenies and Progression of premalignant condition to carcinoma cervix”.

He explained about the high risk HPV viruses & how the virus infects the normal cell and there is suppression of tumor suppressor genes which lead to neoplasia . He highlighted that pregression to malignancy requires at least 10-12 yrs, thus giving us enough time for diagnosis in early stages.

Dr. Jaya Barla [Assistant Professor] then enlightened the audience about the “ Primary Prevention, Early diagnosis and screening Methods in Carcinoma cervix” .

She gave our insight as to how easily we can get screened by methods like Pap Smear and HPV- DNA testing which can detect upto 99% of cases of premalignancy . she also explained that trained health care providers can detect

malignancy by just per speculum examination and refer to higher centers . She added the various staining methods of cervix to detect the premalignant conditions.

Dr. Shivamurthy H.M , Prof. & HOD explained the method of colposcopy. Colposcopy helps to detect the specific site of biopsy thus increasing specificity and sensitivity of screening.As it is a non-invasive method, it can be done in all OPD clients thus detecting more cases of carcinoma cervix.

Later ,Our invited Guest speaker Dr. Harshad Parasnis MD,DGO,DNB,FCPS,FLCOG, Consultant Gynaecological Oncologist , Hon. Associate Professor, Bharati Vidyapeeth Medical College, Pune joined us and was graciously welcomed , felicitated by our Principal Dr. R.P. Gupta .

Dr. Parasnis spoke eminently on “ Management of premalignant conditions of carcinoma cervix”

He made it clear about the various techniques to cure the premalignant conditions of cervix . He also highlighted upon the various classification systems and management accordingly . The main highlight of CME being “Vaccination for carcinoma cervix” was elaborated by the speaker so well that everyone was immensely impressed and enlightened about the different vaccines bivalent

(Cervarix) & quadrivalent (Gardasil), age criteria, dosage, cost, approval by authorities of various countries was well explained. The future developments in vaccination for carcinoma cervix was also touched upon. (The importance of vaccination to get rid of HPV virus thus contributing to decrease the incidence of carcinoma cervix) was elaborated Vaccination in males and its importance was also discussed. The possibility of vaccines in males was also spoken about.

The CME was concluded by Dr. Vaishali Korde by thanking our Guest Speaker and the organizing team followed by High tea.

Over all it was a very informative and successful event , appreciated by one and all .

The CME was attended by 150 audience comprising of teaching faculty and post graduate students of all departments and undergraduate students.









